

## STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

JUDICIAL PURCHASING OFFICE 670 NEW LONDON AVENUE CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND 02920 TELEPHONE: 401-275-6527 FACSIMILE: 401-275-6530

## **BID SOLICITATION INFORMATION**

DATE: 9/21/22	RFP/LOI#:	B2022026	Pre-Bid Conference: Mandatory	
Project Name: Record Cent	Project Name: Record Center Lease			
Opening Time and Date: 1 Place: Purchasing Office 670 New London A Cranston, RI 02920	, Room 1006 Avenue	ember 10, 2022	Date and Time: October 20, 9:00a.m. Location: Noel Judicial Complex Conference Room, Room 3005, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Floor 222 Quaker Lane Warwick, RI 02886	
The successful bidder will be required to furnish all insurance documentation as outlined in the attached Judicial Purchasing Rules & Regulations and General Terms & Conditions of Purchase which are available for inspection at <a href="http://www.courts.ri.gov/PublicResources/purchasingrules/PDFs/Purchasing-Rules-Reg.pdf">http://www.courts.ri.gov/PublicResources/purchasingrules/PDFs/Purchasing-Rules-Reg.pdf</a> .				
This solicitation is for the leas information begins on page	•		d Center (JRC). Specific bid solicitation	
Proposals must be mailed or hand-delivered in a sealed envelope marked with the above RFP/LOI# and Project Name to: Rhode Island Traffic Tribunal Judicial Purchasing, Room 1006 670 New London Avenue, Cranston RI, 02920				
			, Cranston RI, 02920	
to this RFP on the basis of co including, but not limited to, this RFP and to award a co to be technically or substar	ost alone, to a , directly negot ntract based u ntially nonrespo The AOSC ma	ccept or reject a tiating with any Ve pon the results of onsive at any poir	rves the right to award a contract pursuant iny or all bids, and to act in the best interest endor who submits a proposal in response to f those negotiations alone. Proposals found in the evaluation process will be rejected sole option, elect to require presentations(s)	

**Carla Ciccone** Purchasing Agent Rhode Island Supreme Court

#### THIS PAGE IS NOT A BIDDER CERTIFICATION FORM

This is a Request for Proposals (RFP), not an Invitation for Bid. Responses will be evaluated on the basis of the relative merits of the proposal, in addition to price. There will be no public reading of the bids at the opening, only an announcement of vendors that bid. A bid tabulation will be posted on the Rhode Island Judiciary's Purchasing page.

# INSTRUCTIONS AND NOTIFICATIONS TO BIDDERS

- Potential bidders are advised to review all sections of this RFP carefully and to follow instructions completely, as failure to make a complete submission as described herein may result in rejection of the proposal.
- All costs associated with developing or submitting a proposal in response to this RFP, or to provide oral or written clarification of its content, shall be borne by the bidder. The AOSC assumes no responsibility for these costs.
- Proposals are considered to be irrevocable for a period of not less than sixty (60) days following the opening date and may not be withdrawn except with the express written permission of the Judicial Purchasing Committee.
- All pricing submitted will be considered to be firm and fixed unless otherwise indicated herein.
- Proposals misdirected to other Judiciary locations or which are otherwise not received by the Judicial Purchasing Office by the time of opening, for any cause, will be deemed late and will not be considered. For the purposes of this requirement, the official time and date shall be that of the time clock in the Judicial Purchasing Office.
- An award made pursuant to this RFP will be to a prime contractor who will assume responsibility for all aspects of the work. Joint venture and cooperative proposals will not be considered, but subcontracts are permitted, provided that the use is clearly indicated in the bidder's proposal and the subcontractor(s) proposed to be used are identified in the proposal.
- Bidders are advised that all materials submitted to the AOSC for consideration in response to this RFP shall be considered to be public records as defined in Title 38, Chapter 2 of the Rhode Island General Laws, without exception, and may be released for inspection immediately upon request once an award has been made.

#### **BID/RFP SPECIFICATION SHEET**

Pursuant to Article X ("Methods of Source Selection") of the Judicial Purchasing Rules & Regulations, attached are the bid/request for proposal specifications for the following project.

Project Name:	Records Center Lease
Project Number:	B2022026
Prepared by:	Carla M. Ciccone — Purchasing Agent

#### Contents:

- 1.0 Overview
- 2.0 Specifications
- 3.0 Acknowledgement of Risk and Hold Harmless Agreement
- 4.0 Additional Insurance Requirements
- 5.0 Security
- **6.0** Proposal Content and Organization
- 7.0 Evaluation Criteria
- 8.0 Miscellaneous
- 9.0 Bid Form
- **Appendix A** BCI Authorization Form

#### Appendix B Rhode Island Judiciary General Terms & Conditions of Purchase

#### 1.0 Overview

The Administrative Office of State Courts (the "AOSC") is seeking a company (the "Contractor" or "Vendor") to provide space for the long-term lease of a new Judicial Records Center, according to the following specifications and requirements.

#### 2.0 Specifications

## Rhode Island Judiciary Records Center Specifications

## A. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

The <u>Landlord's Services</u> section, below, describes the services that the Vendor is to provide to the Rhode Island Judiciary (RIJ) under a lease agreement with RIJ in connection with the lease of space for a Judicial Records Center (JRC). The Landlord's Services, with any modifications agreed to by the RIJ based on the selected proposal, will be incorporated into the lease document. The Vendor must clearly identify in the proposal each proposed modification so that RIJ can take this into account in evaluating the proposal. The RIJ reserves the right to require a Vendor to withdraw a proposed lease modification as a condition of acceptance of a proposal.

The project needs are to utilize a one-story building with concrete slab having the capacity of approximately 60,000 square feet. The building must be located on a public bus transportation access route. The building will require meeting minimum State of Rhode Island, Building, Fire Code and ADA requirements. Required parking for at least 15 (fifteen) passenger cars and 1 (one) box truck.

The <u>Landlord's Improvements</u> section, below, describes the improvements that the Vendor must provide to the RIJ under the lease agreement. The Landlord's Improvements, with any modifications agreed to by the RIJ based on the selected proposal, will be incorporated into the lease document. The Vendor must clearly identify in the proposal any proposed modification so that RIJ can take this into account in evaluating the proposal. The RIJ reserves the right to require a Vendor to withdraw a proposed lease modification as a condition of acceptance of a proposal.

For all spaces except for the archive's storage, RIJ encourages prospective Vendors to suggest ways to use existing or less costly improvements to meet the needs of the RIJ in a better or more cost-effective manner. RIJ's intention is to provide a clear basis for determining whether proposals are acceptable and comparable while also making it possible to take advantage of useful and costeffective alternatives.

## 1. LANDLORD'S SERVICES

Proposals submitted in response to this RFP must include provisions for delivery of the following services to the RIJ:

- 1.1. **Hours of Operation**: The JRC hours of operation are from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, except state holidays. Additional hours for special events from 5:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m., as required.
- 1.2. Utilities: Landlord must ensure the delivery of the following utility services to the Building and Premises: (1) water, sewer, gas, fire protection, fire alarm and electricity, (2) separate, standalone heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning (HVAC) systems for Warehouse storage space and the administrative, public spaces, and records (3) all common-area lighting, and (4) power for the RIJ's office equipment and lighting within the Premises.

During the JRC hours of operation, Landlord must ensure that HVAC is available and properly operating and functioning throughout the Premises and must maintain the temperature within 70° and 74° Fahrenheit in the wintertime and within 68° and 74° Fahrenheit in the summertime in research, office, and public spaces.

See the <u>Storage Specifications</u> section for temperature and humidity requirements for the Storage area.

1.3. **Maintenance of Premises, Appurtenant Areas, and Building**: Landlord must provide the continuous maintenance and repair services needed to maintain the Premises, appurtenant areas, systems, equipment, and the Building in good repair and tenantable condition.

Landlord must keep the Building and appurtenant areas clean and free from litter and from pests, through implementation of an Integrated Pest Management program. Landlord must certify prior to occupancy that environment is pest free. Landlord must maintain common pedestrian walkways and landscaped areas. Landlord must remove snow and ice from all entrances, exits, sidewalks, and parking areas before the hours of operation and during such hours if snow, ice, or both accumulate. Landlord must use environmentally preferable ice-melt and sand as necessary to ensure safety. Landlord must supply, install, and maintain entry mats at all building entrances. Landlord must maintain and repair the Building envelope and systems including, by way of example and not limitation, roofs, windows, floors and floor covering, walls and wall coverings, ceilings, locks, fire-protection equipment, lighting fixtures and lamps, and all mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems serving the Building and the Premises. Landlord must service heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and must replace filters quarterly or more often if indicated or dictated by local conditions or by the manufacturer's recommendations. Landlord must maintain the heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning equipment so that the indoor air quality is consistent with each IAQ Standard/Guideline identified under Initial Indoor Air Quality Testing. Landlord must replace worn or damaged ceiling tiles and floor coverings with equal or better goods and must repair and repaint worn or damaged wall surfaces in the Premises.

- 1.4. **Building Security and Access**: Landlord must enable RIJ's authorized employees to access the Premises at any time (24/7). Security and building access shall be provided by RIJ. RIJ shall be responsible for the installation of the Building Security System and maintenance of said system.
- 1.5. **Preparation for Occupancy by Tenant**: Before RIJ occupies the Premises, Landlord must perform (or Landlord must cause Landlord's professional cleaning-service company to perform) a comprehensive cleaning of the Premises including, by way of example and not limitation: vacuum and wash all horizontal surfaces (including, by way of example and not limitation, soffits, window sills, baseboards, counters, work surfaces, interiors of millwork cabinets installed by Landlord); wash, wax, and buff all uncarpeted floors, excluding those in the archives storage room; vacuum all carpeting with HEPA-filter vacuums; and wash windows inside and outside. In addition, Landlord must verify that all ductwork has been cleaned, all grilles have been washed, and all temporary filters have been replaced, as specified in Section 2.7.4, <u>Ventilation</u>.
- 1.6. Initial Indoor Air Quality Testing: Within 30 days after the Date of Occupancy, Landlord must conduct, at Landlord's sole cost and expense, initial indoor air quality testing (Initial IAQ Testing) of the Premises using a Certified Industrial Hygienist approved by RIJ. Initial IAQ Testing must include, without limitation, direct-reading measurements of temperature, relative humidity, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, airborne particulates, and volatile organic compounds in a representative sampling of the Premises that demonstrates results consistent with those identified below, and a moisture survey of readily accessible porous building materials in areas where water is or is likely to be present.

Landlord must deliver to RIJ a written report (the Initial IAQ Report) of the results of the Initial IAQ Testing. If the Initial IAQ Report identifies any deficiencies in the indoor air quality or HVAC system of the Premises or Building, Landlord and RIJ must establish a schedule to remedy the deficiencies and Landlord, at Landlord's sole cost and expense, must immediately commence such remediation and pursue it diligently to completion. Upon completion of this remediation, Landlord must undertake additional IAQ Testing and must deliver to RIJ a written report of the results of the additional IAQ Testing that demonstrates that the deficiencies have been remediated.

1.7. **Professional Services**: Landlord must provide promptly, following selection of its proposal, professional architectural design services to the RIJ to complete the Schematic Space Plan of the Premises that will be incorporated into and made part of the Lease. These services must be provided at no additional cost.

## 2. LANDLORD'S IMPROVEMENTS

Proposals submitted in response to this RFP must include provisions for the following improvements to the premises prior to occupancy the RIJ.

#### 2.1. General Conditions

- 2.1.1. **Improvements**: All improvements to the Premises and related areas (the Landlord's Improvements, as defined in the Lease) must be provided and installed by Landlord and must be completed in accordance with the approved Working Drawings (as defined in the Lease) that are based on these General Specifications.
- 2.1.2. **Code and Regulatory Requirements**: All Building improvements must comply with the Rhode Island State Building Code. Where federal or local codes, or regulations, ordinances, or zoning laws apply (with respect to egress requirements, area allowances, rated assembly requirements, flame spread and smoke- generation characteristics of materials, etc.), the more restrictive regulation must be followed.
- 2.1.3. Access for Individuals with Disabilities: The Building and the Premises must be free of barriers preventing access to and use of the Premises by individuals with disabilities in accordance with applicable state and federal regulations.

2.1.4. **Submittals**: During the final design phase of the Working Drawings, Landlord must submit to the RIJ, for review, approval, and color selection, cuts, samples, and color swatches necessary to show the manufacturer's product line for any new finishes. The submittals covered include floor, wall, ceiling, and architectural woodwork finishes and materials.

Landlord must provide Material Safety Data Sheets for materials used in construction upon or before submission of the Certificate of Completion (see Lease).

- 2.1.5. Architectural, Interior Plans and Code Enforcement: Design documents shall be submitted to the Rhode Island State Building Code Commission for comments prior to submitting the documents to the local building and fire code authorities for building and other permits.
- 2.1.6. **Materials**: Whenever feasible, Landlord must use environmentally preferable materials such as materials with low emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), materials with recycled content, or materials that are recyclable.
- 2.1.7. **Project Manager:** The landlord shall assign a full-time project manager, at his/her expense, to coordinate the project and assist the RIJ in administering the project. Architectural/engineering and interior design services shall also be provided at no cost to the RIJ.
- 2.1.8. **Schedule**: At RIJ's request, Landlord must submit, along with the Working Drawings, a comprehensive schedule outlining tasks to be performed by Landlord and RIJ, and highlighting critical dates, and a critical-path schedule for the completion of the Landlord's Improvements, showing the work of all trades and equipment installations.
- 2.1.9. **Project Status Reports:** The landlord shall keep RIJ informed as to the status of construction, production, delivery, installation and completion schedules for all material, equipment, and furnishing on a weekly basis. The landlord's project manager shall be responsible to maintain and distribute written minutes associated with such project meetings.
- 2.1.10. Work in Occupied Areas: If the Landlord's Improvements are to be carried out in Premises that will be occupied in whole or in part by the RIJ during the work, Landlord must isolate the occupied areas from the construction areas with appropriate temporary, air-tight

physical barriers and must schedule construction activities that are likely to disrupt the RIJ's operations for times after the Hours of Operation. Before commencing work, Landlord must submit a work plan to RIJ's Representative for review and approval identifying proposed measures to prevent migration of construction-generated pollutants to occupied areas and to ensure the continuity of the RIJ's ongoing operations.

#### 2.2. Walls

Walls must be located as shown on approved Working Drawings. The standard wall is assumed to be 5/8" gypsum wallboard (GWB) on metal studding, spacing as recommended by manufacturer of metal studding. Other materials, including pre-finished wall systems, providing similar acoustics, durability, and physical appearance are acceptable.

Landlord must provide and install 2"x6" wood blocking as required for support of all wall-mounted elements. Landlord must refinish existing walls to match new partitions. All surfaces must be clean and smooth, and existing walls and/or partitions to be incorporated into the Premises must be prepared to receive the new finish specified.

RIJ uses sound transmission coefficient (STC) ratings to specify minimum acoustical requirements. A specific STC rating may be achieved by a number of different construction assemblies, as published by several organizations including the Gypsum Association.

2.2.1. **Demising Wall:** The RIJ would prefer sole tenancy on a single floor. If RIJ is not the sole tenant, demising walls separating the proposed Premises from other tenants and Building common areas must meet code requirements for fire separation. Demising walls must extend tight to the roof structure, meet an STC rating of 45 or better, and be finished to match adjacent walls. A suggested assembly consists of 3 5/8" 25-gauge metal studs and tracks, fastened securely to floor and structural roof deck (and a row of horizontal stiffeners at midpoint of wall where

required), with one-layer Type X 5/8" GWB on each side with taped and finished joints with a three-coat system below acoustical ceilings and a one-coat system above the ceiling. Landlord must apply acoustical sealant at bottom and top and at all penetrations and provide and install sound attenuating blanket between studs.

See <u>Archives Storage Specifications</u> for wall requirements.

#### 2.3. Doors

Doors and frames must match the acoustical, fire code, and/or security qualities of the surrounding walls. Doors to the archive storage area must meet a minimum 2-hour burn requirement. Dimensions and locations of doors and hardware must comply with all applicable accessibility requirements. Where required by code, Landlord must provide and install UL labeled fire-rated metal doors and frames. Door/frame finish must consist of either one coat sealer/primer and two coats semi-gloss enamel, up to three colors selected by the RIJ, or two coats polyurethane, with or without stain. New doors must not contain particleboard components made with urea-formaldehyde binders. All existing doors and frames that will remain are to be prepared to receive new finishes.

- 2.3.1 Tenant Entry Doors: Landlord must provide and install 1 3/4" thick x 3'0" wide x 6'-8" to 7'-0" high, 16-gauge metal or solid core wood doors with hardwood stain grade veneer in 16-gauge welded steel frames. Landlord must add 18" x 6'-8" to 7'-0" high, tempered glass sidelight in metal or wood frame adjacent to door; actual size to be confirmed during final design.
- 2.3.2 **Standard Interior Door and Frame**: Landlord must provide and install 1 3/4" thick x 3'-0" wide x 6'-8" to 7'-0" high solid core wood flush doors with hardwood stain grade veneer in extruded aluminum or 16 gauge steel frames, knock-down construction, with 5/8" deep stops, with factory-applied transparent finish or with factory-applied primer to receive two coats of compatible paint finish on-site.
  - 2.3.2.1. **Sidelight**: Landlord must add one 18" wide X 6'-8" to 7'-0" high tempered glass sidelight in matching frame next to each door of all offices, meeting rooms, training rooms, interview rooms, and conference rooms.
  - 2.3.2.2. **Vision Panel**: Landlord must add door manufacturer's standard glass vision panel, approximately 9" wide x 30" high located at eye level on the latch side of the door for all passageways and equipment rooms such as mail rooms, storage rooms, file rooms, MDF and IDF rooms.
- 2.3.4. **Interior Glass and Glazing**: All interior glass and glazing is to conform to Rhode Island State Building Code.
- 2.3.5. **Overhead Door:** The RIJ requires loading dock to be able to load and unload boxes onto the floor of the warehouse. The Landlord shall

provide necessary paved ramp with one overhead exterior, insulated metal door and frame with one row of insulated vision panels. The door shall be eight feet wide by seven feet tall with heavy duty wall mounted electric door operator. The ramp shall have required guards each meeting RI State Building Code requirement.

## 2.4. Hardware

- 2.4.1. **Standard Hardware Package**: On standard interior doors, Landlord must provide and install Grade 2 hardware package including 1½ pair non-rising pin butt hinges; latchset with lever handles; silencers; floor or wall-mounted door stops 5/8" deep. Latchsets are to be Arrow, Best or Schlage only. All hardware must be stainless steel with commercial grade US32D satin finish. Landlord must provide and install one coat hook on the inside face of each office door.
- 2.4.2. Locks: Landlord must provide and install cylinder lockset using interchangeable core cylinders to allow immediate re-keying of lock, keyed to the RIJ master, at all storage and equipment rooms, tenant entry doors.
- 2.4.3. Heavy-Duty Hardware Package: Landlord must provide and install heavy-duty Grade 1 hardware including ball bearing hinges, cylinder lockset, and deadbolt with minimum 1" throw and concealed hardened steel roller. Latchsets are to be Arrow, Best or Schlage only. Landlord must provide and install turnpiece on inside face of door. Landlord must install closers and panic bars as required by code.
- 2.4.4. **Remote Door Release**: Landlord must provide and install, at the door leading from the reception waiting area to the office area, an electronic strikeplate, powered and wired to the reception desk and/or other locations designated by the RIJ.
- 2.4.5. Automatic Door Openers: Landlord must equip at least one 3'-0" leaf of the following doors or set of doors with an automatic door opener and a push plate or an electronic sensor on both sides of the door: All Building entry doors used by RIJ's staff All public entry doors.

#### 2.5 Finishes and Specialties

The following finishes and specialties are minimum standards; all finishes are subject to approval. New finishes must be chosen from manufacturers' open stock to allow proper matching.

- 2.5.1. **Ceilings:** Ceilings may be new or existing acoustical tile systems, or exposed ceilings may be acceptable in historic renovations, subject to RIJ's approval, if utilities are organized and the visual appearance is pleasing. For new installation, Landlord must provide and install an acoustical tile ceiling system consisting of 2' x 2' x 5/8" or 2' x 4' x 5/8" lay-in panels in a lay-in suspension system in office areas and public spaces and exposed structure in the Storage areas. New ceiling tiles must contain post-consumer recycled material and must not contain formaldehyde or vinyl facing. Ceilings must be at least 8-9 feet in all research and public and offices spaces. All piping must be concealed in hung ceiling. If the existing system is to be reused, it must be level and meet standards of new construction. Landlord must remove all soiled or damaged ceiling tiles and replace to match finish, pattern, and color of surrounding tiles. Landlord must replace bent or otherwise damaged grid members.
- 2.5.2. **Floors**: Floor finishes for in specified areas must comply with all applicable accessibility requirements regarding floor materials, door threshold, carpeting height, and anchoring details. All floors must be level and smooth before laying down agency floor finishes.

**NOTE**: Load limits on all floors must withstand current building code minimum loads for all functions

- 2.5.2.1. **Carpet Tile and Straight Base**: In specified areas, Landlord must provide and install solution dyed stain-resistant carpet tile with minimum pile thickness of .101-inch, minimum pile density of 6,000 ounces per cubic yard, and minimum weight density of 100,000 ounces per cubic yard in office and public use areas. Carpet tile must have a minimum ten-year guarantee, anti-static warranty, and a Green Label or Green Label Plus certification from the Carpet and Rug Institute Indoor Air Quality Test Program. Where adhesive use is required, Landlord must use water-based or low resin adhesives that meet the Green Label or Green Label Plus certification and must adjust maintenance procedures to ensure durability of resins, as per manufacturer's recommendations. Landlord must provide and install 4" rubber or wood straight wall base.
- 2.5.2.2. Resilient Tile Flooring and Cove Rubber Base: In specified areas, Landlord must provide and install 2.5 mm thick commercial-grade linoleum tile flooring. Landlord must install 4" cove rubber base along all walls.

## 2.5.3. Wall Finish

2.5.3.1. **Paint**: Landlord must provide and install one coat of appropriate primer/sealer and two coats of egg-shell or semi-gloss latex paint; up to three colors, selected by the RIJ. All painted and sealed surfaces must be lightly sanded between coats to give a clean smooth finish. All paints must be of low-or no-VOC content and meet current Green Seal or Greenguard standards for interior coatings.

See <u>Storage Specifications</u> for Storage wall finish requirements.

## 2.5.4. Specialties

- 2.5.4.1. **Signage**: Landlord must provide and install a RIJ signage system that includes all room numbers and room names (e.g., conference, storage, etc.) with changeable inserts or applied dye-cut vinyl letters. In buildings occupied solely by the State of Rhode Island, Landlord must provide and install exterior sign(s) indicating the State of Rhode Island, the RIJ name(s), street address, and town. Landlord must provide and install signs to meet all applicable accessibility requirements.
- 2.5.4.2. **Window Coverings**: Landlord must provide and install window coverings that allow transmission of visible light, such as polyester screen cloth with UV resistance, and that have anti-fungi and anti-bacterial characteristics. The type and color are to be selected by the RIJ.

## 2.6. Plumbing

2.6.1. Plumbing for Staff Break Room: Landlord must provide and install an ADA-compliant double-basin stainless steel sink with 33" x 22" x 6" minimum overall dimensions in the counter of the Staff Break Room.

#### 2.7. Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC)

RIJ encourages the installation of high efficiency heating and cooling equipment and installation of an energy management system. A separate system is required for Main Office, Director's Office, Archival Research Room, Conference Room, Records Processing, Staff Breakroom, Bathrooms and Archives Storage Room.

- 2.7.1. **Certification**: Before the Premises are deemed available for occupancy, Landlord must furnish the following certifications:
  - a registered engineer's certification that the Building HVAC systems as designed and constructed will satisfy the requirements of the Lease, and a registered engineer's certification that air distribution is properly balanced in accordance with the design intent as set forth in the RFP specifications and the relevant drawings, along with a copy of the supporting balancing report.

Any deficiencies must be corrected by Landlord at Landlord's sole expense.

2.7.2. **Heating and Air Conditioning System**: The distribution systems must be designed to maintain the temperature throughout the Premises within 68° and 72° Fahrenheit in the wintertime and within 68° and 72° Fahrenheit in the summertime. HVAC sound levels are not to exceed a noise criterion (NC) number of 35. In the MDF and IDF rooms, the temperature must be maintained at no more than 68° Fahrenheit 24/7.

See <u>Archives Storage Specifications</u> for storage HVAC requirements.

- 2.7.3. **Humidity**: Humidity control must also be included in the Archives Storage space and maintain a relative humidity of 30-50%.
- 2.7.4. **Ventilation**: Office areas, restrooms, conference rooms, staff support areas and special equipment rooms must be ventilated in compliance with the more restrictive requirements of the latest versions of the Rhode Island State Building Code, the Building Officials & Code Administrators International, Inc. (BOCA) National Mechanical Code or the American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) standards. Ventilation equipment must be installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Landlord must take precautions to prevent foreign matter from getting into equipment and ductwork during construction. All new ductwork must be cleaned of foreign matter and flushed out before the system is placed into service, and Landlord must clean all existing supply air, return air, and exhaust air ductwork systems identified to remain. Landlord must install temporary filters in all air handling units and at each return air grill when operating the system during construction. Landlord must replace these filters as needed during construction and must install new filters in all equipment immediately prior to occupancy by RIJ. 2.7.5. **Zone Control and Thermostats:** Landlord must provide and install one thermostat or temperature control per zone. The zones must be delineated based on the types of space, the types of use, and the activities and hours of operation of the RIJ / JRC. Areas of disparate heat gain and heat loss (i.e. areas located alongside exterior windows or walls vs. areas that are not bound by exterior windows or walls, conference rooms, reading/research room, exhibit gallery, etc.) must be zoned separately.

Premises must be zoned separately from other Building areas and must be controlled by thermostats that are located solely within the Premises. All thermostats must be tamperproof.

- 2.7.6. **CO2 Sensors and Air Exhaust Fans**: Landlord must provide and install a CO2 sensor and an associated air exhaust fan in each room with an area of 300 square feet or more under the category of Meeting Area.
- 2.7.7. **Carbon Monoxide Detectors**: Landlord must install, maintain, and service carbon monoxide detectors throughout the Premises for all buildings that rely on the combustion of fossil fuel as a source of energy for the HVAC system, for hot water, or for any other purpose, or for buildings connected to parking garages or to areas used for the storage of vehicles or equipment that use fossil fuel. The detectors must be hard-wired units with battery back-up, meet UL standard 2034, and be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Landlord must install at least one detector per 3,000 square feet or portion thereof. The detectors must be installed in open areas with no barriers to airflow. Landlord must replace batteries in each detector as needed, but not less than once a year.

#### 2.8. Electrical:

Landlord must provide and install an electrical system that is complete, tested, and ready for operation for both power and lighting distribution. All conduit, wiring, electrical equipment, and fixtures must be installed and grounded in accordance with the latest rules and regulations of the National and Rhode Island Electrical and Building Codes, the requirements of the utility company, and the local electrical inspection department.

2.8.1. **Service**: Electrical service must be of sufficient capacity (277/480 volts or 120/208 volts) to provide adequate power for the Building electrical equipment and the power required to operate all equipment of the RIJ described in Section B. Except for main distribution switchboard in multi-tenant buildings, power panels must not be

shared with other tenants. Landlord must provide and install panel(s) for lighting branch circuits independent from panel(s) supplying receptacles and power operated equipment in all tenant spaces above 6,000 square feet. All power and lighting panels must have bolt-on type circuit breakers, a door with lock and key, and must include a typewritten directory on the inside of the door. Landlord must allow 4 watts per square foot for receptacles and lighting and provide and install one spare circuit for every five active circuits, based on the recommendations of the National Electrical Code.

2.8.2. Wiring: All wire must be copper. The size of feeders must be determined by connected loads and be of adequate size to comply with code-required voltage-drop limitations. Wiring must be installed in raceways such as EMT or in rigid steel conduit. Type NM (romex) may not be used where the ceiling is used as a plenum. MC (metal-clad) cable may be used above hung ceilings and in partitions. Where building conditions do not permit concealment of wiring, Landlord must use surface metal raceways, such as Plugmold or Wiremold. Landlord must make final connections to motors with seal-tite type conduit and fittings.

Independent grounds for computer outlets must be insulated copper wire; metal raceways must not be used as a ground.

2.8.3 **Outlets**: Landlord must provide and install 20-amp, 120-volt floor or wall mounted duplex outlets with independent ground as follows: two per workstation and one per 75 square feet of open office area; two in each enclosed office or room of 100 square feet or less; and in each enclosed office or room in excess of 100 square feet, one duplex outlet for every additional 120 square feet or fraction thereof. Plugmold may be installed at transaction counters, one duplex outlet per position. Power poles (one per 600 square feet) may be used to provide power to the outlets. Landlord must not connect more than eight standard duplex receptacles per circuit. Landlord must not connect more than the equivalent of one circuit for every two modular workstations, if applicable. In the reading/research room, Landlord must provide and install adequate outlets to accommodate up to twenty members of the public in addition to RIJ staff and equipment.

In all Staff Support Rooms described in Section B-2.9 Assemblies and Architectural Woodwork, Landlord must provide and install two wall mounted, three-pronged, ground fault outlets above the counter, and the number of 20-amp, 120-volt outlets necessary to power the Landlord supplied refrigerator, microwave oven,  $H_2O$  point of use, and/or vending machines within the Staff Support Room.

## 2.8.4. Lighting and Switches

All fixtures must be compatible with the ceiling system and must be installed flush with the normal ceiling surface. Lighting fixtures must be spaced to maintain a uniform lighting level of 50-foot candles at desk-top height, above desks, in individual offices and modular workstations in the open areas. Lighting fixtures must be affixed with LED lights. The lighting level in circulation areas, storage rooms, and conference rooms may be lower and follow the guidelines of the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA).

All fixtures must be listed recessed 2' x 2' or 2' x 4' energy-efficient fixtures with LEDt lamps, energy-saving electronic ballasts, and acrylic or parabolic lenses.

For existing installations where light fixtures are being re-used or are being retrofitted for re-use, all fixtures must, at a minimum, be listed 2' x 2' or 2' x 4' energy-efficient fixtures with LED, energy-saving electronic ballasts, and 1" silver-finish paracube or parabolic lenses.

Landlord must provide and install one single pole lighting switch per enclosed room and per 600 square feet of open floor area. Divisible spaces and areas with more than one access point must have threeway or four-way switching. All switches must be located adjacent to the entrance door(s) of each space. All lighting switches must be equipped with occupancy-sensor devices and must be linked to an energy management system (EMS). The overall operation of the system should meet the latest energy code.

In all Entry Areas, Landlord must provide and install locked panels to prevent tampering.

See Archive Storage Specifications for archive storage lighting and switch requirements.

#### 2.8.5 Data and Voice Cabling

RIJ shall provide all data and cabling for the Building including final connections and testing, the Landlord shall provide all conduit with pull strings at each location. RIJ will provide a drawing showing all outlet locations.

## 2.9 Assemblies and Architectural Woodwork:

All work under this section must conform to RIAAB recommendations. Landlord must follow AWI custom grade standards for quality of construction and materials; scribe all work to fit; and provide all hardware (i.e., hinges, pull catches, standards and brackets) as required for a complete facility. The finish must consist of either one coat sealer/primer and two coats semi-gloss enamel, up to three colors selected by the RIJ, or two coats polyurethane, with or without stain. High-pressure, general purpose-type laminate, class 1 must be used throughout. Horizontal surfaces must be .028" thick, color to be selected by the RIJ. All boards having an exposed surface of plastic laminate must have a .050" thick plastic laminate backing type M or type S applied to the opposite side of the backing material. Landlord must provide and install backsplashes scribed to fit at all installations. All underlying stock for casework must be water- resistant, particle board.

2.9.1 **Counter and Cabinetry in Staff Support Rooms:** Landlord must provide and install a plastic laminate countertop 24" wide x 8' long with a 4" high continuous backsplash, and base and overhead cabinets with surface-mounted doors in all Staff Support Areas identified.

The assemblies must meet all requirements for accessibility for the disabled, and Landlord must coordinate the design and installation of the counter and cabinetry with the installation of the sink and electrical outlets respectively described in § 2.6 Plumbing and in § 2.8 Electrical.

2.9.2. **Public and Employee Restrooms**: Landlord must provide and install separate restroom facilities for the general public and employees. All restrooms must meet all applicable accessibility requirements. In all restrooms, a ceramic tile floor and 41-01 tile wainscoting shall be provided. All ceramic tile flooring and base shall be thin-set with dryset mortar and commercial grout. Ceramic tile walls and base shall be thin-set with a dry-set mortar and dry-set grout. Ceramic floor tile must be in slip resistant unit with 7.5% abrasive grain by weight. Toilet partitions shall be baked enamel with matching hardware and accessories. The total number of fixtures will be based the code requirements for the use and occupancy of the space. Landlord must build-out each restroom with the following finish and accessories:

## Women's Restroom

- · Water closets with 4" high ceramic tile wet walls;
- · Hand sinks with 4" high ceramic tile wet walls;
- · Ceramic tile flooring;
- · Mirrors above the sink;

- Restroom accessories including but not limited to grab bars, paper towel dispenser, waste basket, and soap dispenser; and

## Men's Restroom

- · Water closets with 4" high ceramic tile;
- · Urinals;
- · Ceramic tile flooring;
- Hand sinks with 4" high ceramic tile wet walls;
- · Mirrors above the sink;
- Restroom accessories including but not limited to grab bars, paper towel dispenser, waste basket, and soap dispenser; and

All restroom finishes must be approved by RIJ during the design phase.

## 2.10 **Testing and Inspections**

The offeror must submit the following:

- 1. Radon test results for all masonry buildings and building space located below ground level.
- 2. Lead, air and water tests.
- 3. Asbestos investigation report.
- 4. Statement there is no toxic waste buried or located on site.
- 5. Statement or report from a Rhode Island Registered Engineer as to the structural condition of the building.

All tests and reports shall be at the proposed landlord's expense. And it shall be at the landlord's cost to correct any deficiencies in order to maintain acceptable local, State and/or Federal Standards.

## 2.11 Space Requirements

- 1) The building must have a clear distance of fifteen feet (15 Ft.) to the underside of roof framing structure.
- The concrete floor must have a minimum bearing capacity of 250 lbs. per square feet. The warehouse floor finish shall be concrete sealer or paint. The exterior walls and roof must be insulated.
- 3) The structural column spacing must be in the vicinity of 28 ft. by 28 ft.

4) The warehouse building will require an area of 16,000 to 17,000 square feet that will require construction of the following areas plus circulation.

a)	Main Office with public counters, record resea	arch area. 7,000 SF
b)	Director's Office.	200 SF
c)	Supervisors Office	200 SF
d)	Archives Research Room	400 SF
e)	Conference Room	400 SF
f)	Records Staging Area	1,000 SF
g)	Records Processing	800 SF
h)	Records Disposal Area	400 SF
Sub	-Total	10,400 SF

- 5) The Lessor shall be responsible for constructing the build-out including the room finishes and shall meet common office standards, carpet flooring, vinyl base, solid core doors with metal door frames and hardware including door locksets, painted gypsum walls on metal studs with sound attenuation blanket insulation, an acoustical suspended ceilings as selected by the tenant. Each room / space shall require a minimum of four duplex electrical outlets and four internet devices.
- 6) Lighting levels (Warehouse) must be even through-out with a minimum foot candle of 50FC, Office Area 40FC.
- 7) The building shall have full fire protection system and fire alarm system meeting current code requirements. All testing and maintenance of the systems shall be provided by the Landlord. Fire extinguishers shall be provided per fire code and maintained by the Landlord. The tenant will be responsible for their building security alarm system.
- 8) The building will require Men's and Women's toilet facilities including domestic hot and cold water and ventilation, meeting minimum travel distance requirements.
- 9) The warehouse facility will require a loading dock with one overhead door for the availability for a box truck delivery.
- 10) The tenant wishes to occupy the facility during the 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2023.
- 11) The Lessor shall maintain building insurance including building contents.
- 12) The Landlord shall maintain the structure and surroundings including HVAC equipment, roofing system, paved parking areas. Utility cost shall be paid by the tenant. The RIJ shall provide and install rack storage equipment.

## 2.12 Archive Storage

- A. The Archives Storage room must have access controls and must be designed as an access-controlled area with only two (2) entrances that can be secured from the rest of the building.
  - a. Archives storage must have direct access to the Reading Room and staff offices.
  - b. There must be two entry ways from the Archives Storage Room to other parts of the archival area. Specifically, one to the Reading Room and one to the administrative area.
- B. RIJ will provide security cameras should be located at each entrance to this space.
- C. The Archives Storage room must have ceilings of a minimum of 12-feet in height.
- D. The floor must be reinforced concrete with an epoxy finish with high loadbearing capacity for the weight of holdings. Archives Storage will contain rows of heavy-duty shelving.
  - a. The State Archives room must be minimum of 4,000 square feet of record storage.
- E. The supporting structures for archives shall be of adequate strength to carry the full load, including the wet weight of the archive structure and its contents. Floor bearing capacity – 250 psf assuming books/ paper
- F. Carpets are **prohibited** in Archives Storage.
- G. To minimize damage by pests, the staff break, or lunchroom, should be as far away as possible from Archives Storage and processing rooms.
- H. To minimize damage by water, the restrooms should be as far away as possible from Archives Storage and processing rooms.
- I. To minimize damage by light, all light fixtures in Archives Storage must be LED.

Area	Light Level in Lux	Maximum UV Level in microwatts per lumen	Dimmers or Sensors Required
Exhibit Galleries	30-200	10	both dimmers and sensors required
Storage Rooms	200-500	10	sensor activated

- J. Lighting must be motion activated in Archives Storage. Normal light levels must provide at least 200 Lux, but not more than 500 Lux measured 36 inches above the floor level. Levels of ultraviolet radiation must not exceed 10 microwatts/lumen. Lighting must be at least 36 inches away from holdings.
- K. Occupancy sensors should be installed for lighting in the Exhibition space.
- L. There shall be no windows or natural light into this space.

- M. Pendant lamps and extension cords shall not be used within Archives Storage.
- N. Fixed lighting shall be used for illumination of all portions of Archives Storage to preclude the use of temporary lighting
- O. The floor, walls, and ceiling in Archives Storage and processing space must be primed and painted to prevent dust.
  - a) An approved water-based acrylic latex paint must be used for walls and ceiling.
  - b) Storage floors must be concrete, sealed to prevent dust and provide an easily cleanable surface. A low VOC acrylic membrane-curing compound must be used for the concrete floors of the Archives Storage rooms, followed by two coats of a floor epoxy. The VOC outgassing of any epoxy and floor coatings in Archives Storage and processing rooms must be limited by restricting the use of toluene and xylene in the floor coating mix.
  - c) The RIJ must approve sealants, caulks, gaskets, and weatherstripping used in the storage rooms.
- P. The following materials are **prohibited** from use in Archives Storage and processing rooms:

a)Cellulose nitrate lacquers and adhesives

b)Cellulose diacetate fabrics

c)Polyurethane products, especially foams and carpet pads but including most polyurethane paints and varnishes

d)Oil-based and alkyd resin paints and varnishes, and oil-based caulks and glazing compounds

e)Latex paint that is based on vinyl acrylic, or styrene acrylic latex. Acrylic latex is generally acceptable

f) Acid-curing silicone sealants and adhesives or similar products that emit acetic acid during cure

g)Products that release ammonia during cure

h)Sulfur containing materials that could release SO2 such as natural and synthetic sulfur vulcanized rubber, animal glue, wool, sulfurbased dyes, and disodium phosphate fire retardant treatments

i) Most pressure sensitive adhesives and contact cements and adhesives

j) Polyvinyl chlorine polymers (PVCs)

k)Formaldehyde emitting compounds, especially urea-formaldehyde, such as might be found in particleboard, interior-grade plywood, and formaldehyde- finished fabrics and wall coverings

I) Woods such as oak known to have high acid content and any wood or wood product that is not sealed to prevent off gassing

m) Vinyl

n)Amine based products

o)Biocides

p)Cellulose acetate containing fabrics and films

q)Unsealed concrete, due to its production of fine particulate, alkaline dust

r) Self-leveling floor compounds

Q. Formaldehyde-based insulation and foam in place insulation must be avoided throughout the building and must not be used in Archives Storage rooms or exhibit galleries.

## 2.13 Environment

Note: Research by conservators, scientists, and other preservation specialists has shown that extremes of humidity, elevated temperatures, particulate and gaseous pollutants, ultraviolet radiation, and unrestricted lighting will damage archival and artifact holdings.

- A. The minimum continuous temperature in the Archives Storage shall be 55 degrees Fahrenheit.
- B. The maximum continuous temperature in the Archives Storage shall be 65 degrees Fahrenheit.
- C. Temperature and relative humidity conditions in Archives Storage and processing space must be between 35 45% and will be continuously monitored to not exceed +/- 5% relative humidity.
- D. Archives Storage shall have a designated, separate, HVAC system.
- E. Archives Storage and processing rooms and exhibit galleries must be isolated from sources of pollutants and particulates, such as the loading dock, machine rooms, or spaces where woodworking, painting, or cooking take place. The air intakes and returns must be designed so that lower quality air and environment does not affect the critical areas and must have direct venting to the outdoors.
- F. All-air systems are preferred for the entire RIJ Archives but are required for critical areas including Archives Storage.
- G. The building envelope must be humidity tolerant, allowing the relative humidity standards to be maintained without damage to the structure. New buildings and additions must be designed to be humidity tolerant. The ability of existing buildings to withstand the relative humidity standards must be carefully considered. Existing buildings may require specialized weatherproofing or insulation products and designs. The Archives Storage rooms must be provided with sufficient insulation to support a stable, continuous level of relative humidity and temperature.
- H. Environmental control systems for the general building must be designed to provide efficient and economical seasonal climate control. Seasonal relative humidity drift may occur in actual operation of the general building system(s) to reconcile energy efficiency and external climate extremes in certain geographical locations and with certain building types

- Archives Storage shall have a particulate filtration system to remove particulate materials form the air stream, the particulate filtration system for these areas must have a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Rating (MERV) of 14 or greater based on ASHRAE 52.2,
- J. Air handling units serving Archives Storage and processing rooms must provide constant air volume and must provide sufficient air exchanges to maintain requirements for temperature, relative humidity, and pollutant control. The number of air exchanges is determined by the planned size of the room, volume of holdings, volatile organic compounds (VOC) emitted within the room, occupancy, etc. The system must provide good air mixing throughout the rooms. In general, external fresh air intake must be limited to the amount required to allow human occupancy (Indoor Air Quality) and to maintain a positive pressure in storage and processing rooms. Air economizers must not be used in critical areas.

## 2.14 Fire and Fire Suppression

- A. Alarms and alarm communications to signal presence and location of fire.
- B. Fire suppression must be through an automatic suppression system. The fire suppression system must be designed to limit the maximum anticipated loss from any single fire event to a maximum of 300 cubic feet of holdings destroyed.
- C. Fire barrier walls separating Archives Storage from the Reading Room and Administrative Area shall be a minimum of 2-hour fire-resistive construction.
- D. Archives Storage areas shall not be constructed using exterior building walls. Fire barrier walls separating must be between Archives Storage wall(s) and exterior wall(s).
- E. The wall(s) of the archives that intersect with the building wall(s) shall be bonded or keyed into the building wall(s) for the full height and width of the wall(s).
- F. The RIJ Archives Storage should comply with standards for a minimum 2hour fire door. The archive door shall have a rating, in hours of fire resistance, equivalent to the rating of the archive, as follows:
- (1) 2-hour archive 2-hour door
- G. Heating systems shall not reduce the level of humidity inside the archives to a level that results in deterioration of the records.
- H. A Clean-Agency fire suppression system should be installed for Archives Storage in lieu of wet suppression. Inergen and FM 200 are approved for use. Both of these systems need to be taken into account when planning the physical layout
- I. Dry-pipe systems are not permitted for any area of the building with wet suppression, unless the area is prone to freezing because it can take too long for the sprinkler to deploy, letting the fire grow too large to put out.

- J. Fire panel access should be outside the Archives Storage area within close proximity to the Administrative Area.
- K. Suppression systems for Archives Storage must be zoned separately from public and administrative, and other building areas.
- L. Construction materials used in walls, ceilings, and floors must be rated as Class 2 (flame-spread rating of 25 or less) as tested according to the ASTM

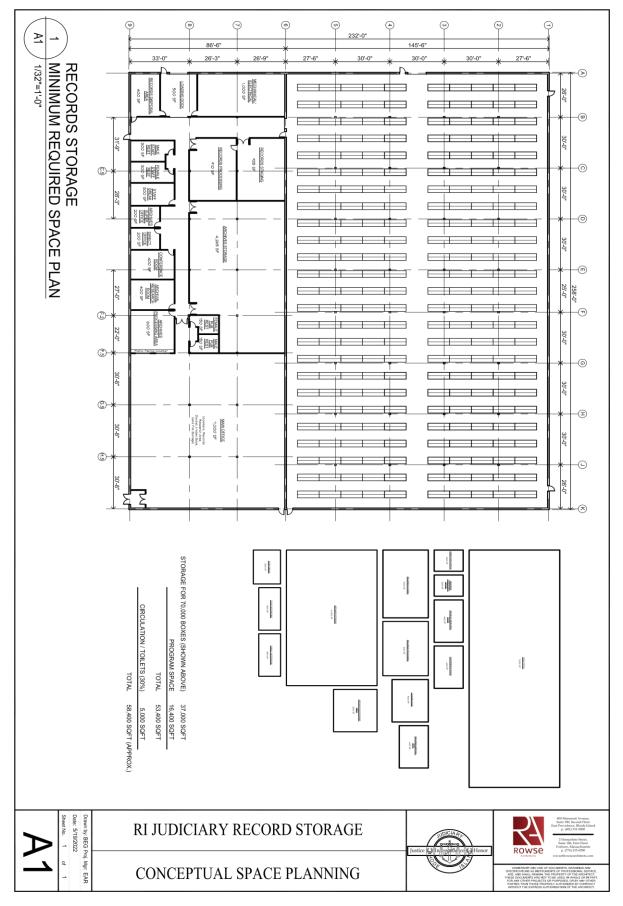
E-84 and must have a smoke development rating below 450.

M. Roof rated for fire resistance at 1/2 hour minimum, 1 hour maximum.

## 2.15 Mechanics

- A. Variable Air Volume systems (VAV) must not be used in critical areas including Archives Storage and processing rooms, research rooms and exhibit galleries. When VAV boxes with electric reheat are used to serve general building spaces, they must have multiple stage electric heating coils. VAV systems require separate controls to provide adequate outside air supply year-round.
- B. HVAC equipment must not be mounted on the room of the facility above Archives Storage and processing space, or above the Exhibition Gallery.
- C. Air handling units and other mechanical units must not be located within the Archives Storage and processing space.
- D. Ductwork must be sealed to provide a leakage rate less than 3%.
- E. The ductwork inside Archives Storage and processing space must be kept at a minimum while supplying the required critical environments. Ductwork must not pass through a Archives Storage to supply another area. Location of the vents and return ducts must provide even air mixing and a constant environment throughout the space while maintaining and maximizing useable space for storage equipment.
- F. The HVAC system must be designed with redundancy so that modules in the system can continue operating and controlling the environment if the central station is not operating
- G. Provide emergency shutdown switch for HVAC system outside of the Archives Storage, in the Administrative Area.

END OF SPECIFICATIONS (Revised 6/8/2022)



## 3.0 Acknowledgment of Risk and Hold Harmless Agreement

In addition to the indemnity provisions in the General Terms & Conditions of Purchase and to the fullest extent permitted by law, the selected Vendor, its officers, agents, servants, employees, parents, subsidiaries, partners, directors, attorneys, insurers, and/or affiliates ("Releasors") agree to release, waive, discharge, and covenant not to sue the AOSC, its officers, agents, servants, and/or employees ("Releasees") from any and all liability, claims, cross-claims, rights in law or in equity, agreements, promises, demands, actions, and causes of action whatsoever arising out of or related to any loss, damage, expenses (including, without limitation, all legal fees, expenses, interest, and penalties) or injury (including death), of any type, kind, or nature whatsoever, whether based in contract, tort, warranty, or other legal, statutory, or equitable theory of recovery, which relate to or arise out of the Releasors' use of or presence in and/or on judicial property. The Releasors agree to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the Releasees from: (a) any and all claims, loss, liability, damages, and/or costs by any person, firm, corporation, or other entity claiming by, through, or under Releasors in any capacity whatsoever, including all subrogation claims and/or claims for reimbursement (including any court costs and attorney's fees) that may incur due to Releasors' use of or presence in and on judicial property; and (b) any and all legal actions, including third-party actions, cross-actions, and/or claims for contribution and/or indemnity with respect to any claims by any other persons, entities, or parties, which relate to or arise out of Releasors' use of or presence in and on judicial property.

The Releasors acknowledge the risks that may be involved, and hazards connected with use of or presence in and/or on judicial property but elect to provide services under a contract with the AOSC with full knowledge of such risks. Releasors also acknowledge that any loss, damage, and/or injury sustained by Releasors are not covered by Releasees' insurance. Releasors agree to become fully aware of any safety risks involved with the performance of services under any contract with the AOSC and any safety precautions that need to be followed and agree to take all such precautions.

The duty to indemnify and/or hold harmless the AOSC shall not be limited by the insurance required under the General Terms & Conditions of Purchase.

#### 4.0 Additional Insurance Requirements

In addition to the insurance provisions in the General Terms & Conditions of Purchase, the liability insurance coverage required for performance of a contract with the AOSC, except for Professional Liability, Errors and Omissions, or Workers' Compensation insurance, shall include the AOSC, its divisions, officers, and employees as Additional Insureds, but only with respect to the selected Vendor's activities under the contract.

The insurance required through a policy or endorsement shall include:

- a. a Waiver of Subrogation waiving any right to recovery the insurance company may have against the AOSC; and
- b. a provision that the selected Vendor's insurance coverage shall be primary with respect to any insurance, self-insurance, or self-retention maintained by the State on behalf of the AOSC, and that any insurance, self-insurance, or self-retention maintained by the State on behalf of the AOSC shall be in excess of the selected Vendor's insurance and shall not contribute.

There shall be no cancellation, material change, potential exhaustion of aggregate limits, or non-renewal without thirty (30) days written notice from the selected Vendor or its insurer(s) to the Judicial Purchasing Agent. Any failure to comply with the reporting provision of this clause shall be grounds for immediate termination of the contract with the Judiciary.

Insurance coverage required under the contract shall be obtained from insurance companies acceptable to the Judiciary. The selected Vendor shall pay for all deductibles, self-insured retentions, and/or self-insurance included hereunder.

The Judicial Purchasing Agent reserves the right to consider and accept alternative forms and plans of insurance or to require additional or more extensive coverage for any individual requirement.

## 5.0 Security

During this contract, security measures will be in place at all court locations. The Vendor, its officers, agents, servants, and employees shall comply with all security measures in place at each courthouse location, including processing through metal detectors, background checks, and signing the vendor log book at each courthouse upon entry. The Vendor is responsible to inquire with the AOSC's Director of Security as to what security measures apply to the services to be provided under a contract awarded pursuant to this RFP and to advise the Vendor's officers, agents, servants, and employees accordingly. There will be <u>no</u> exceptions.

Upon award, the Vendor shall provide the AOSC's Director of Security with complete, notarized BCI Authorization and Disclaimer forms (**Appendix A**) for all of the Vendor's officers, agents, servants, and/or employees who may provide services under a contract awarded pursuant to this RFP ("Personnel"). The forms must be accompanied by copies of a valid driver's license and any other personal identifying information requested by the AOSC, such as date of birth and/or social security number. All Personnel must be cleared by the AOSC's Director of Security **before** any services under a contract awarded pursuant to this RFP may be performed. Personnel who are not on the list shall not, under any circumstances, be sent to perform such services. The Vendor is responsible to immediately inform the AOSC's Director of Security of any personnel changes.

Courthouse deliveries are only permitted between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 2:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, unless other arrangements are made in advance. Packages will be inspected upon delivery.

No parking will be provided to the Vendor by the AOSC, except limited temporary parking for the delivery and pick up of supplies.

## 6.0 Proposal Content and Organization

Pricing must include all costs as specified in **Section 2.0 – Specifications**. Pricing for this proposal must be indicated on the **Bid Form** in **Section 9.0** and must be submitted in a separate, sealed envelope marked with the words "Pricing Proposal". Only one pricing proposal needs to be submitted. All Bid Forms must be signed.

The Bid Form must specify the amount of the percentage (%) over the Vendor's cost of materials (cost of materials + percentage markup = AOSC cost) that will be extended to the AOSC, if applicable.

Vendors must include on the Bid Form a list of at least four (4) references with whom they have contracted to do similar work by including the company name, telephone number and a contact person, excluding work performed for the AOSC.

Vendors must also include an overview of their company's experience including, but not limited to, the number of years the company has been providing these services, the size of the company (including the number of employees and locations), a description of work undertaken that is similar to what is being requested in this RFP, and certifications that show a knowledge of equipment that would be serviced under this contract.

Four (4) copies of your proposal must be submitted at the time of submission. Proposals must be in the following format:

- Bid Form (minus the pricing proposal)
- Company overview

Submission of a proposal is acknowledgement and acceptance of the Judicial Purchasing Rules and Regulations and General Terms and Conditions of Purchase available at www.courts.ri.gov.

## 7.0 Evaluation Criteria

The AOSC reserves the right to award a contract pursuant to this RFP on the basis of cost alone, to accept or reject any or all proposals, and to otherwise act in the AOSC's best interest including, but not limited to, directly negotiating with any Vendor who submits a proposal in response to this solicitation and to award a contract for these services based upon the results of those negotiations alone.

Proposals found to be technically or substantially non-responsive at any point in the evaluation process will be rejected and not considered further. The AOSC may elect to require presentations(s) by Vendors in consideration for an award.

Proposals will be evaluated in two (2) phases:

- 1. The first phase is an initial review to determine if the proposal, as submitted, is complete. To be complete, a proposal must meet all the requirements of this solicitation.
- 2. The second phase is an in-depth analysis and review based on the criteria below and the associated weights.

Evaluation Criteria	Importance
Price	75%
Ability to meet Proposal Requirements	25%

## 8.0 Miscellaneous

The payment and performance of any obligations under this contract are subject to the availability of funds.

When visiting any judicial location, the awarded Vendor, its officers, agents, servants, and employees must comply with all COVID-19 related protocols, procedures, and safety measures put into place by the Judiciary's Department of Facilities, Operations, and Security, as well as all applicable rules and regulations enacted by the Governor and/or the Department of Health, including, but not limited to, wearing masks, washing hands, and practicing social distancing. Remote work may be utilized as a substitute for inperson meetings where applicable. More specific arrangements may be made following contract award.

## 9.0 Bid Form

#### Project: B2022026 – Records Center Lease

Date:	Submitted By:	
Address:		
Telephone:	Email:	
Will any of the work contained in this bid be outsourced?YesNo		
If yes, please e	explain:	

#### General Information

Have you or your firm been subject to suspension, debarment or criminal conviction by the AOSC, the Judiciary, the State of Rhode Island, or any other jurisdiction? \_\_\_Yes \_\_\_No

Has the AOSC, the Judiciary and/or the State of Rhode Island ever terminated contracts with your firm for cause? \_\_\_\_\_Yes \_\_\_\_\_No

Has your firm ever withdrawn from a contract with the AOSC, the Judiciary and/or the State of Rhode Island during its performance? \_\_\_\_\_Yes \_\_\_\_\_No

Have you or your firm been involved in litigation against the AOSC, the Judiciary and/or the State of Rhode Island? \_\_\_\_\_Yes \_\_\_\_\_No

If you answered yes to any of the foregoing, please explain the circumstances below. If you or your firm has been involved in litigation against the AOSC, the Judiciary and/or the State of Rhode Island, please include the case caption, case number and status. (If more space is needed, please attach separate sheet and submit with the bid.)

Is your company bonded? \_\_\_\_\_Yes \_\_\_\_\_No

Please describe the nature and extent of all insurance coverage:

#### <u>Addenda</u>

The following Addenda have been received. The noted modifications to the Bidding Documents have been considered and all costs are included in the Bid Sum.

Addendum #1, Dated:\_\_\_\_\_

Addendum #2, Dated:\_\_\_\_\_

Addendum #3, Dated:\_\_\_\_\_

## <u>References</u>

Please list at least four (4) companies (other than the Judiciary) with whom you have contracted to provide similar services:

Reference #1	
Company Name:	_
Contact Person:	Telephone:
Contract Dates:	
Reference #2	
Company Name:	
Contact Person:	Telephone:
Contract Dates:	
Reference #3	
Company Name:	-
Contact Person:	Telephone:
Contract Dates:	
Reference #4	
Company Name:	_
Contact Person:	Telephone:
Contract Dates:	_ to



Did you remember to:	Initial Here
Place the pricing proposal in a separate sealed envelope marked "Pricing Proposal"?	
Prepare four (4) separate copies of your bid response (NOT including the Pricing Proposal) for submission?	

# **Pricing Sheet**

Pricing must be submitted in a <u>separate, sealed envelope</u> marked with the words "Pricing Proposal."

Only <u>one</u> pricing proposal needs to be submitted.

Having examined bid # B2022026, we propose to enter into a contract to perform services per the bid specifications for the costs listed below:

Lease Cost per Month	\$
----------------------	----

## Bid Form Signature

Bidder name:	
(please print legibly)	
Title:	
Company:	
Email address:	
Signature:	





## STATE OF RHODE ISLAND ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF STATE COURTS

250 Benefit Street Providence, Rhode Island 02903 Telephone: (40) 222-6700 Facsimile: (401) 222-4740

#### CRIMINAL BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION AUTHORIZATION, RELEASE AND DISCLAIMER

I, \_\_\_\_\_\_, hereby direct and authorize the Bureau of Criminal Identification of the Department of Attorney General for the State of Rhode Island to make available to the Rhode Island Administrative Office of State Courts any criminal record that the Bureau of Criminal Identification has on file in reference to me, and I further consent to the authentication of my identity through fingerprinting, or some other process that may be required to confirm my identity.

I understand that an investigative report may be generated on me that may include information as to my criminal history records from any criminal justice agency in any or all federal, state, city and county jurisdictions, including any state Department of Motor Vehicle/Drivers' License Records, traffic citations and/or registrations.

I hereby waive and release any and all manner of actions, cause of actions, and demands of every kind, nature and description, arising from any release of criminal records and requests therefrom, whatsoever against the State of Rhode Island, the Rhode Island Administrative Office of State Courts, the Bureau of Criminal Identification, the Attorney General, and the employees of the Attorney General's Office, in both law and equity which I may now have or that may arise in the future.

Employee Name (Please Print)	Employee Signature
Maiden Name (If Applicable)	Date
Date of Birth	Employer/Company Name (If applicable)
Place of Birth	Social Security Number
State of	County of
	, 20, before me, the undersigned notary public, D personally
	ugh satisfactory evidence of identification, which was, to be the person who signed above in my
presence, and who swore or affirmed the best of his or her knowledge.	to me that the contents of the document are truthful to
	Notary Public:
	My commission expires:
	Notary identification number:
Copy of valid photo identification with	n date of birth must be attached to all BCI Authorization Forms.



#### RHODE ISLAND JUDICIARY GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS OF PURCHASE

Preamble

The Judicial Purchasing Office may, from time to time, make amendments to the General Terms & Conditions of Purchase when the Judicial Purchasing Agent determines that such amendments are in the best interest of the Judiciary. Amendments shall be made available for public inspection at the Office of the Secretary of State but shall not require formal public notice and hearing. Copies of the General Terms and Conditions of Purchase shall be provided to any individual or firm requesting to become a registered bidder. Applicants shall be required, as part of the application process, to certify that they have read the General Terms and Conditions of Purchase and understand that they apply to all Judicial purchases.

#### JUDICIAL PURCHASING OFFICE GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS OF PURCHASE

All Judicial contracts shall consist of the following documents: the initial request for proposals or solicitation; all Action Sheets, Purchase Orders, delivery orders, and/or service requests related thereto; the bid documents submitted by the awarded vendor; and any supplementary documents executed by the parties, where applicable. All Judicial contracts shall be subject to the provisions of § 8-15-4 of the Rhode Island General Laws and the Judicial Purchasing Rules and Regulations adopted pursuant thereto; all other applicable provisions of the Rhode Island General Laws; specific requirements described in the request or contract; and the following General Terms and Conditions of Purchase.

#### 1. GENERAL

All purchase orders, contracts, solicitations, delivery orders, and service requests are for specified goods and services, in accordance with express terms and conditions of purchase, as defined herein. For the purposes of this document, the terms "bidder" and "contractor" refer to any individual, firm, corporation, or other entity presenting a proposal indicating a desire to enter into contracts with the Judiciary, or with whom a contract is executed by the Judicial Purchasing Agent, and the term "contractor" shall have the same meaning as "vendor".

#### 2. ENTIRE AGREEMENT

The Judiciary's Purchase Order, or other Judiciary contract endorsed by the Judicial Purchasing Office, shall constitute the entire and exclusive agreement between the Judiciary and any contractor receiving an award. In the event any conflict between the bidder's standard terms of sale and these conditions, the more specific provisions contained in the solicitation shall govern.

All communication between the Judiciary and any contractor pertaining to any award or contract shall be accomplished in writing.

a. Each proposal will be received with the understanding that the acceptance, in writing, by contract or Purchase Order by the Judicial Purchasing Agent of the offer to do work or to furnish any or all the materials, equipment, supplies, or services described therein shall constitute a contract between the bidder and the Judiciary. This shall bind the bidder on his part to furnish and deliver at the prices and in accordance with the conditions of said accepted proposal and detailed specifications, and the Judiciary on its part to order from such contractor (except in case of emergency) and to pay for at the agreed prices all materials, equipment, supplies, or services specified and delivered. A contract shall be deemed executory only to the extent of funds available for payment of the amounts shown on Purchase Orders issued by the Judiciary to the contractors.

b. No alterations or variations of the terms of the contract shall be valid or binding upon the Judiciary unless submitted in writing and accepted by the Judicial Purchasing Agent. All orders and changes thereof must emanate from the Judicial Purchasing Office; no oral agreement or arrangement made by a contractor with an agency or employee will be considered to be binding on the Judicial Purchasing Agent and may be disregarded.

c. Contracts will remain in force for the contract period specified or until all articles or services ordered before date of termination shall have been satisfactorily delivered or rendered and accepted, and thereafter until all terms and conditions have been met, unless:

1. terminated prior to its expiration date by satisfactory delivery against orders of entire quantities; or

2. extended upon written authorization of the Judicial Purchasing Agent and accepted by the contractor, to permit ordering of the unordered balances or additional quantities at the contract price and in accordance with the contract terms; or

3. canceled by the Judiciary in accordance with other provisions stated herein.

d. It is mutually understood and agreed that the contractor shall not assign, transfer, convey, sublet, or otherwise dispose of this contract or his or her right, title, or interest therein, or his or her power to execute such contract, to any other person, company, or corporation, without the previous consent, in writing, of the Judicial Purchasing Agent.

e. If, subsequent to the submission of an offer or issuance of a Purchase Order or execution of a contract, the bidder or contractor shall merge with or be acquired by another entity, the contract may be terminated by the Judicial Purchasing Office, unless a corporate resolution prepared by the contractor and the new entity ratifying acceptance of the original bid or contract terms, condition, and pricing is submitted to the Judicial Purchasing Office, and expressly accepted.

f. The contractor or bidder further warrants by submission of an offer or acceptance of a Purchase Order or other contract that he has no knowledge at the time of such action of any outstanding and delinquent or otherwise unsettled debt owed by him to the Judiciary, and agrees that later discovery by the Judicial Purchasing Agent that this warranty was given in spite of such knowledge, except where the matter is pending in hearing or from any appeal therefrom, shall form reasonable grounds for termination of the contract.

# 3. SUBCONTRACTS

No subcontracts or collateral agreements shall be permitted, except with the Judiciary's express written consent. Upon request, contractors must submit to the Judicial Purchasing Office a list of all subcontractors to be employed in the performance of any Purchase Order or other contract arising from the request or contract.

Should the vendor choose to engage any subcontractors, the vendor shall, in accordance with § 37-13-5 of the Rhode Island General Laws and other applicable state law, make prompt payment for satisfactory subcontract work for which the Judiciary has made partial or full payment. The Judiciary reserves the right to suspend, debar, or otherwise remove from the approved bidders list any vendor who repeatedly fails to make such prompt payments to its subcontractors.

# 4. RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES

The contractor or bidder warrants, by submission of an offer or acceptance of a Purchase Order or other contract, that he is not an employee, agent, or servant of the Judiciary, and that he is fully qualified and capable in all material regards to provide the specified goods and services. Nothing herein shall be construed as creating any contractual relationship or obligation between the Judiciary and any sub-bidder, subcontractor, supplier, or employee of the contractor or offeror.

# 5. COSTS OF PREPARATION

All costs associated with the preparation, development, or submission of bids or other offers will be borne by the offeror. The Judiciary will not reimburse any offeror for such costs.

# 6. SPECIFIED QUANTITY REQUIREMENT

Except where expressly specified to the contrary, all solicitations and contracts are predicated on a specified quantity of goods or services, or for a specified level of funding.

a. The Judiciary reserves the right to modify the quantity, scope of service, date of delivery or completion, or funding of any contract, with no penalty or charge, by written notice to the contractor, except where alternate terms have been expressly made a part of the contract.

b. The Judiciary shall not accept quantities in excess of the specified quantity except where the item is normally sold by weight (where sold by weight, the Judiciary will not accept quantities greater than ten percent (10%) of the specified quantity), or where the request or contract provides for awards for other than exact quantities.

c. Purchase Orders or other contracts may be increased in quantity or extended in term without subsequent solicitations with the mutual consent of the contractor and the Judiciary, and where determined by the Judicial Purchasing Agent to be in the Judiciary's best interest.

# 7. TERM AND RENEWAL

Where offers have been requested or contracts awarded for terms exceeding periods of twelve (12) months, it is mutually understood and agreed that the Judiciary's commitment is limited to a base term not to exceed twelve (12) months, subject to renewal annually at the Judiciary's sole option for successive terms as otherwise

described, except where expressly specified to the contrary. Purchase Orders appearing to commit to obligations of funding or terms of performance may be executed for administrative convenience, but are otherwise subject to this provision, and in such cases the Judiciary's renewal shall be deemed to be automatic, conditional on the continued availability of appropriated funds for that purpose, except as written notice of the Judiciary's intent not to renew is served.

# 8. DELIVERY/COMPLETION

Delivery must be made as ordered and/or projects completed in accordance with the proposal. If delivery qualifications do not appear on the bidder's proposal, it will be interpreted to mean that goods are in stock and that shipment will be made within seven (7) calendar days. If the project completion date is not specified in the proposal, the date shall be determined by the Judicial Purchasing Agent. The decision of the Judicial Purchasing Agent, as to reasonable compliance with the delivery terms and date of completion, shall be final. The burden of proof of delay in receipt of an order shall rest with the contractor. No delivery charges shall be added to invoices except when authorized on the Purchase Order.

## 9. FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

In accordance with § 7-1.2-1401 of the Rhode Island General Laws, no foreign corporation shall have the right to transact business in this state until it shall have procured a certificate of authority so to do from the Secretary of State.

## 10. PRICING

All pricing offered or extended to the Judiciary is considered to be firm and fixed unless expressly provided for to the contrary. All prices shall be quoted F.O.B. Destination with freight costs included in the unit cost to be paid by the Judiciary, except that, where the request or contract permits, offers reflecting F.O.B. Shipping Point will be considered, and freight costs may then be prepaid and added to the invoice.

# 11. COLLUSION

Bidder or contractor warrants that he or she has not, directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of full competitive bidding. In special circumstances, an executed affidavit will be required as a part of the bid.

## 12. PROHIBITION AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES AND GRATUITIES

Bidder or contractor warrants that he or she has not paid, and agrees not to pay, any bonus, commission, fee, or gratuity to any employee or official of the Judiciary for the purpose of obtaining any contract or award issued by the Judiciary. Bidder or contractor further warrants that no commission or other payment has been or will be received from or paid to any third-party contingent on the award of any contract by the Judiciary, except as shall have been expressly communicated to the Judicial Purchasing Agent in writing prior to acceptance of the contract or award in question. Subsequent discovery by the Judiciary of violation of or non-compliance with these provisions shall constitute sufficient cause for immediate termination of all outstanding contracts and suspension or debarment of the bidder(s) and/or contractor(s) involved.

# 13. AWARDS

Awards will be made with reasonable promptness and by written notice to the successful bidder (only); bids are considered to be irrevocable for a period of sixty (60) days following the bid opening unless expressly provided for to the contrary in the request and may not be withdrawn during this period without the express written permission of the Judicial Purchasing Agent.

a. Awards shall be made to the bidder(s) whose offer(s) constitutes the lowest responsive price offer (or lowest responsive price offer on an evaluated basis) for the item(s) in question or for the request as a whole, at the option of the Judiciary. The Judiciary reserves the right to determine those offers which are responsive to the request, or which otherwise serve its

best interests.

b. The Judiciary reserves the right, before making any award, to initiate investigations as to whether or not the materials, equipment, supplies, qualifications, or facilities offered by the bidder meet the requirements set forth in the proposal and specification and are ample and sufficient to insure the proper performance of the contract in the event of award. If, upon such examination, it is found that the conditions of the proposal are not complied with or that articles or equipment proposed to be furnished do not meet the requirements called for, or that the qualifications or facilities are not satisfactory, the Judiciary may reject such a bid. It is distinctly understood, however, that nothing in the foregoing shall mean or imply that it is obligatory upon the Judiciary to make any examinations before awarding a contract; and it is further understood that if such examination is made, it in no way relieves the contractor from fulfilling all requirements and conditions of the contract.

c. Qualified or conditional offers which impose limitations of the bidder's liability or modify the requirements of the bid, offers for alternate specifications, or offers which are made subject to different terms and conditions than those specified by the Judiciary may, at the option of the Judiciary, be:

1. rejected as being non-responsive; or

2. set aside in favor of the Judiciary's terms and conditions (with the consent of the bidder); or

3. accepted, where the Judicial Purchasing Agent determines that such

acceptance best serves the interests of the Judiciary.

Acceptance or rejection of alternate or counter-offers by the Judiciary shall not constitute a precedent which shall be considered to be binding on successive solicitations or procurements.

d. Bids submitted in pencil, or which do not bear an original signature, in ink, by an owner or authorized agent thereof, will not be accepted.

e. Bids must be extended in the unit of measure specified in the request. In the event of any discrepancy between unit prices and their extensions, the unit price will govern.

f. The Judicial Purchasing Agent reserves the right to determine the responsibility of any bidder for a particular procurement.

g. The Judicial Purchasing Agent reserves the right to reject any and all bids in whole or in part, to waive technical defects, irregularities, and omissions, and to

give consideration to past performance of the offerors where, in his or her judgment, the best interests of the Judiciary will be served by so doing.

h. The Judicial Purchasing Agent reserves the right to make awards by items, group of items, or on the total low bid for all the items specified as indicated in the detailed specification, unless the bidder specifically indicates otherwise in his or her bid.

i. Preference may be given to bids on products raised or manufactured in the State of Rhode Island, and/or to bids from vendors whose headquarters or primary place of business is located within the state.

j. The impact of discounted payment terms shall not be considered in evaluating responses to any request.

k. The Judicial Purchasing Agent reserves the right to act in the Judiciary's best interests regarding awards caused by clerical errors by the Judicial Purchasing Office.

## 14. SUSPENSION AND DEBARMENT

The Judicial Purchasing Agent may suspend or debar any vendor or potential bidder, for good cause shown:

a. A debarment or suspension against a part of a corporate entity constitutes debarment or suspension of all of its divisions and all other organizational elements, except where the action has been specifically limited in scope and application, and may include all known corporate affiliates of a contractor, when such offense or act occurred in connection with the affiliate's performance of duties for or on behalf of the contractor, or with the knowledge, approval, or acquiescence of the contractor or one or more of its principals or directors (or where the contractor otherwise participated in, knew of, or had reason to know of the acts).

b. The fraudulent, criminal or other serious improper conduct of any officer, director, shareholder, partner, employee, or any other individual associated with a contractor may be imputed to the contractor when the conduct occurred in connection with the individual's performance of duties for or on behalf of the contractor, or with the contractor's knowledge, approval, or acquiescence. The contractor's acceptance of benefits derived from the conduct shall be evidence of such knowledge, approval, or acquiescence.

c. A vendor or contractor who knowingly engages as a subcontractor for a contract awarded by the Judiciary a vendor or contractor then under a ruling of suspension or debarment by the Judiciary shall be subject to disallowance of cost, annulment or termination of award, issuance of a stop work order, or debarment or suspension, as may be judged to be appropriate by the Judicial Purchasing Agent.

## 15. PUBLIC RECORDS

Contractors and bidders are advised that certain documents, correspondence, and other submissions to the Judicial Purchasing Office may be voluntarily made public by the Judiciary absent specific notice that portions of such submittals may contain confidential or proprietary information, such that public access to those items should be withheld.

## 16. PRODUCT EVALUATION

In all specifications, the words "or equal" are understood after each article when manufacturer's name or catalog are referenced. If bidding on items other than those specified, the bidder must, in every instance, give the trade designation of the article, manufacturer's name, and detailed specifications of the item the bidder proposes to furnish; otherwise, the bid will be construed as submitted on the identical commodity described in the detailed specifications. The Judicial Purchasing Agent reserves the right to determine whether or not the item submitted is the approved equal to the item detailed in the specifications.

a. Any objections to specifications must be filed by a bidder, in writing, with the Judicial Purchasing Agent at least ninety-six (96) hours before the time of bid opening to enable the Judicial Purchasing Office to properly investigate the objections.

b. All standards are minimum standards except as otherwise provided for in the request or contract.

c. Samples must be submitted to the Judicial Purchasing Office in accordance with the terms of the proposals and detailed specifications. Samples must be furnished free of charge and must be accompanied by descriptive memorandum invoices indicating whether or not the bidder desires their return and specifying the address to which they are to be returned (at the bidder's risk and expense), provided they have not been used or made useless by tests; and absent instructions, the samples shall be considered to be abandoned. Award samples may be held for comparison with deliveries.

d. All samples submitted are subject to test by any laboratory the Judicial Purchasing Agent may designate.

## 17. PRODUCT ACCEPTANCE

All merchandise offered or otherwise provided shall be new, of prime manufacture, and of first quality unless otherwise specified by the Judiciary. The Judiciary reserves the right to reject all nonconforming goods, and to cause their return for credit or replacement, at the Judiciary's option. Contract deliverables specified for procurements of services shall be construed to be work products, and subject to the provisions of this section.

a. Failure by the Judiciary to discover latent defect(s) or concealed damage or non-conformance shall not foreclose the Judiciary's right to subsequently reject the goods in question.

b. Formal or informal acceptance by the Judiciary of non-conforming goods shall not constitute a precedent for successive receipts or procurements.

c. Where the contractor fails to promptly cure the defect or replace the goods, the Judiciary reserves the right to cancel the Purchase Order, to contract with a different contractor, and to invoice the original contractor for any differential in price over the original contract price.

d. When materials, equipment, or supplies are rejected, the same must be removed by the contractor from the premises of the Judiciary within forty-eight (48) hours of notification. Rejected items left longer than two (2) days will be regarded as abandoned and the Judiciary shall have the right to dispose of them as its own property.

# 18. PRODUCT WARRANTIES

All product or service warranties normally offered by the contractor or bidder shall accrue to the Judiciary's benefit, in addition to any special requirements which may be imposed by the Judiciary. Every unit delivered must be guaranteed against faulty material and workmanship for a period of at least one (1) year unless otherwise specified, and the Judiciary may, in the event of failure, order its replacement, repair, or return for full credit, at its sole option.

## 19. PAYMENT

In general, payment shall not be made until delivery has been made, or services performed, in full, and accepted. Generally, payment shall not be due prior to thirty (30) working days following the latest of completion, acceptance, or the rendering of a properly submitted invoice.

a. Payment terms other than the foregoing may be rejected as being nonresponsive.

b. No partial shipments, or partial completion will be accepted, unless provided for by the request or contract.

c. Where a question of quality is involved, or failure to complete a project by the specified due date, payment in whole or part against which to charge back any adjustment required shall be withheld at the direction of the Judicial Purchasing Agent. In the event a cash discount is stipulated, the withholding of payments, as herein described, will not deprive the Judiciary from taking such discount.

d. Payments for used portions of inferior delivery or late delivery will be made by the Judiciary on an adjusted price basis.

e. Payments on contracts under architectural or engineering supervision must be accompanied by a Certificate of Payment and Statement of Account signed by the architect or engineer and submitted to the Judicial Purchasing Office for approval.

f. Invoices must be submitted in a timely manner in accordance with the terms of the governing Purchase Order, Request for Proposal, or Master Price Agreement, or, where no specific time period is provided, by no later than thirty (30) days after the date on which delivery was made or services rendered. Failure to submit invoices in accordance with this section may constitute noncompliance and may result in non-payment of such invoices due to the unavailability of appropriated funds beyond the applicable fiscal year.

## 20. THIRD PARTY PAYMENTS

The Judiciary recognizes no assigned or collateral rights to any purchase agreement except as may be expressly provided for in the bid or contract documents and will not accede to any request for third party or joint payment(s), except as provided for in specific orders by a court of competent jurisdiction, or by express written permission of the Judicial Purchasing Agent. Where an offer is contingent upon such payment(s), the offeror is obligated to serve affirmative notice in his or her bid submission.

## 21. SET-OFF AGAINST PAYMENTS

Payments due the contractor may be subject to reduction equal to the amount of unpaid and delinquent state taxes (or other just debt owed to the State), except where notice of delinquency has not been served, or while the matter is pending in hearing or from any appeal therefrom.

# 22. CLAIMS

Any claim against a contractor may be deducted by the Judiciary from any money due him in the same or other transactions. If no deduction is made in such fashion, the contractor shall pay the Judiciary the amount of such claim on demand. Submission of a voucher and payment thereof by the Judiciary shall not preclude the Judicial Purchasing Agent from demanding a price adjustment in any case when the commodity delivered is later found to deviate from the specifications and proposal.

a. The Judicial Purchasing Agent may assess dollar damages against a vendor or contractor determined to be non-performing or otherwise in default of their contractual obligations equal to the cost of remedy incurred by the Judiciary and make payment of such damages a condition for consideration for any subsequent award. Failure by the vendor or contractor to pay such damages shall constitute just cause for disqualification and rejection, suspension, or debarment.

# 23. CERTIFICATION OF FUNDING

The Chief Purchasing Officer shall provide certification as to the availability of funds to support the procurement for the current fiscal year ending June 30th only. Where delivery or service requirements extend beyond the end of the current fiscal year, such extensions are subject to both the availability of appropriated funds and a determination of continued need.

# 24. UNUSED BALANCES

Unless otherwise specified, all unused Blanket Order quantities and/or unexpended funds shall be automatically canceled on the expiration of the specified term. Similarly, for orders encompassing more than one fiscal year, unexpended balances of funding allotted for an individual fiscal year may be liquidated at the close of that fiscal year, at the Judiciary's sole option.

# 25. MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

Pursuant to the provisions of Title 37 Chapter 14.1 of the Rhode Island General Laws, the Judiciary reserves the right to apply additional consideration to offers, and to direct awards to bidders other than the responsive bid representing the lowest price, where:

- a. the solicitation provides for such consideration; and
- b. the offer is fully responsive to the terms and conditions of the request; and

c. the price offer is determined to be within a competitive range (not to exceed five per cent (5%) higher than the lowest responsive price offer) for the product or service; and

d. the firm making the offer has been certified by the Rhode Island Department of Economic Development to be a small business concern meeting the criteria established to be considered a Minority Business Enterprise. Ten per cent (10%) of the dollar value of the work performed against contracts for construction exceeding \$10,000 shall be performed by Minority Business Enterprises where it has been determined that subcontract opportunities exist, and where certified Minority Business Enterprises are available. A contractor may count towards its MBE, DBE, or WBE goals sixty per cent (60%) of its expenditures for materials and supplies required under a contract and obtained from an MBE, DBE, or WBE regular dealer, and one-hundred per cent (100%) of such expenditures when obtained from an MBE, DBE, or WBE manufacturer. Awards of this type shall be subject to approval, by the Chief Purchasing Officer, of a Subcontracting Plan submitted by the bidder receiving the award; and

e. the firm making the offer specifies in its offer that it conforms to the definition of a Minority Business Enterprise; and

f. the firm making the offer submits with its offer documentation from the Rhode Island Department of Economic Development showing that it has been certified as a Minority Business Enterprise.

# 26. VETERAN-OWNED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

Pursuant to the provisions of Title 37 Chapter 14.3 of the Rhode Island General Laws, the Judiciary reserves the right to apply additional consideration to offers, and to direct awards to bidders other than the responsive bid representing the lowest price, where:

a. the solicitation provides for such consideration; and

b. the offer is fully responsive to the terms and conditions of the request; and

c. the price offer is determined to be within a competitive range (not to exceed five per cent (5%) higher than the lowest responsive price offer) for the product or service; and

d. the firm making the offer has been certified by the Rhode Island Department of Economic Development to be a small business concern meeting the criteria established to be considered a Veteran-Owned Business Enterprise. Three per cent (3%) of the dollar value of the work performed against contracts for construction exceeding \$10,000 shall be performed by Veteran-Owned Business Enterprises where it has been determined that subcontract opportunities exist, and where certified Veteran-Owned Business Enterprises are available. Awards of this type shall be subject to approval, by the Chief Purchasing Officer, of a Subcontracting Plan submitted by the bidder receiving the award; and

e. the firm making the offer specifies in its offer that it conforms to the definition of a veteran-owned business enterprise; and

f. the firm making the offer submits with its offer documentation from the Rhode Island Department of Economic Development showing that it has been certified as a veteran-owned business enterprise.

## 27. PREVAILING WAGE REQUIREMENT

In accordance with Title 37 Chapter 13 of the Rhode Island General Laws, payment of the general prevailing rate of per diem wages and the general prevailing rate for regular, overtime, and other working conditions existing in the locality for each craft, mechanic, teamster, or type of workman needed to execute this work is a requirement for both contractors and subcontractors for all public works. The terms of § 37-13-5, § 37-13-6, and § 37-13-7 shall be considered a part of all Judiciary contracts for public works.

# 28. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY COMPLIANCE, HANDICAPPED ACCESS AND AFFIRMATIVE ACTION

a. Contractors of the Judiciary are required to demonstrate the same commitment to equal opportunity as prevails under federal contracts controlled by Federal Executive Orders 11246, 11625, 11375 and 11830, and Title 28 Chapter 5.1 of the Rhode Island General Laws.

b. Affirmative action plans shall be submitted by the contractor for review by the State Equal Opportunity Office. A contractor's failure to abide by the rules, regulations, contract terms, and compliance reporting provisions as established shall be grounds for forfeiture and penalties as shall be established, including but not limited to suspension.

# 29. DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE REQUIREMENT

Contractors who do business with the Judiciary and their employees shall abide by the State's drug-free workplace policy, and the contractor shall so attest by signing a certificate of compliance. The vendor and its employees agree to refrain from the abuse of alcohol and illegal drugs and shall report to work and perform their duties in a fit condition or be subject to disciplinary action by the vendor. Fit condition includes, but is not limited to, the absence of any physical, mental, or other impairment resulting from the use of alcohol or drugs of any type. All vendor employees shall further agree to refrain from purchasing, transferring, using, or possessing illegal drugs or from abusing alcohol or prescription drugs in any way that is illegal while on Judiciary business, on or off the workplace or jobsite. The vendor agrees to take appropriate disciplinary action with all violators of this policy who are currently employed. The vendor agrees to not knowingly consider for employment anyone who is known to currently abuse alcohol or illegal drugs.

# 30. TAXES

The Judiciary is exempt from the payment of excise, transportation, and sales tax imposed by the Federal or State Government. These taxes should not be included in the proposal price. Exemption Certificates shall be furnished upon request.

# 31. INSURANCE

All construction contractors, independent tradesmen, and firms providing any type of maintenance, repair, or other type of service to be performed on judicial premises, buildings, or grounds are required to purchase and maintain minimum coverage with an insurance company or companies licensed to do business in the State as follows:

a. Comprehensive General Liability Insurance

1) Bodily Injury \$1,000,000 each occurrence/ \$1,000,000 annual aggregate

2) Property Damage \$500,000 each occurrence /\$500,000 annual aggregate

Independent Contractors

Contractual—including construction hold harmless and other types of contracts or agreements in effect for insured operations

Completed Operations

Personal Injury (with employee exclusion deleted)

# b. Automobile Liability Insurance

Combined Single Limit \$1,000,000 each occurrence Bodily Injury Property Damage, and in addition non-owned and/or hired vehicles and equipment

c. Workers' Compensation Insurance Coverage B \$100,000 The Judicial Purchasing Agent reserves the right to consider and accept alternate forms and plans of insurance or to require additional or more extensive coverage for any project or any individual requirement. Successful bidders shall provide certificates of coverage, reflecting the Rhode Island Judiciary as an additional insured, to the Judicial Purchasing Office, forty-eight (48) hours prior to the commencement of work, as a condition of award. Failure to comply with this provision shall result in rejection of the offeror's bid.

## 32. BID SURETY

When requested, a bidder must furnish a Bid Bond or Certified Check for five per cent (5%) of his or her bid, or for the stated amount shown in the solicitation. Bid Bonds must be executed by a reliable surety company authorized to do business in the State of Rhode Island. Failure to provide Bid Surety with a bid may be cause for rejection of the bid. The Bid Surety of any three (3) bidders in contention will be held until an award has been made according to the specifications of each proposal. All others will be returned by mail within forty-eight (48) hours following the bid opening. Upon award of a contract, the remaining sureties will be returned by mail unless instructed to do otherwise.

## 33. PERFORMANCE AND LABOR AND PAYMENT BONDS

A performance bond and labor and payment bond of up to one-hundred per cent (100%) of an award may be required by the Judicial Purchasing Agent. Bonds must meet the following requirements:

a. Corporation: The Bond must be signed by an official of the corporation above his/her official title and the corporate seal must be affixed over his/her signature.

b. Firm or Partnership: The Bond must be signed by all of the partners and must indicate that they are "Doing Business As (name of firm)."

c. Individual: The Bond must be signed by the individual owning the business and indicate "Owner."

d. The surety company executing the Bond must be licensed to do business in the State of Rhode Island or the Bond must be countersigned by a company so licensed.

e. The Bond must be signed by an official of the surety company and the corporate seal must be affixed over his or her signature.

f. Signatures of two witnesses for both the principal and the Surety must appear on the Bond.

g. A Power of Attorney for the official signing of the Bond for the Surety Company must be submitted with the Bond.

## 34. SUSPENSION, DEFAULT AND TERMINATION

a. Suspension of a Contract by the Judiciary

The Judiciary reserves the right, at any time and for any reason, to suspend all or part of the contract, for a reasonable period, not to exceed sixty (60) days, unless the parties agree to a longer period. The Judiciary shall provide the contractor with written notice of the suspension order signed by the Judicial Purchasing Agent or his or her designee(s), which shall set forth the date upon which the suspension shall take effect, the date of its expiration, and all applicable instructions. Upon receipt of said order, the contractor shall immediately comply with the order and suspend all work under the contract as specified in the order. The contractor shall take all reasonable steps to mitigate costs and adverse impact to the work specified in the contract during the suspension period. Before the order expires, the Judiciary shall either:

1. cancel the suspension order;

2. extend the suspension order for a specified time period not to exceed thirty (30) days; or

3. terminate the contract as provided herein.

The contractor shall resume performance once a suspension order issued under this section is canceled or expires. If, as a result of the suspension of performance, there is a financial or schedule impact upon the contract, an appropriate adjustment may be made by, or with the approval of, the Judicial Purchasing Agent. Any adjustment shall be set forth in writing. After a suspension order has been canceled or expires, the contractor shall provide any request for adjustment to the Judicial Purchasing Agent within thirty (30) days after resuming work performance.

b. Termination of a Contract by the Judiciary

1. Termination for Default or Nonperformance

If, for any reason, the contractor breaches the contract by failing to satisfactorily fulfill or perform any obligations, promises, terms, or conditions, and, having been given reasonable notice of and opportunity to cure such default, fails to take satisfactory corrective action within the time specified by the Judiciary, the Judiciary may terminate the contract, in whole or in part, terminate all outstanding contracts or sub-contracts held by the contractor, and suspend or debar the contractor from future procurements by giving written notice to the contractor specifying the date for termination. The Judiciary shall endeavor to provide such notice at least seven (7) calendar days before the effective date of the termination.

A contractor who fails to commence work within the time specified or complete an award made for repairs, alterations, construction, or any other service will be considered in default of contract. If the contractor consistently fails to deliver quantities or otherwise perform as specified, the Judicial Purchasing Agent reserves the right to terminate the contract, contract for completion of the work with another contractor, and seek recourse from the defaulting contractor or his or her surety. In the event of a termination for default or nonperformance, in whole or in part, the Judiciary may procure similar goods or services in a manner and upon terms it deems appropriate, and the contractor shall be liable for the excess costs incurred by the Judiciary as a result of the contractor's default. The contractor, or his or her surety, agrees to promptly reimburse the Judiciary for the excess costs, but shall have no claim to the difference should the replacement cost be less.

# 2. Termination Without Cause

The Judiciary may terminate the contract in whole or in part without cause at any time by giving written notice to the contractor of such termination at least thirty (30) days before the effective date of such termination. The notice shall specify the part(s) of the contract being terminated and the effective termination date.

Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the termination of the contract, the contractor shall compile and submit to the Judiciary an accounting of the work performed up to the date of termination. The Judiciary may consider the following claims

in determining reasonable compensation owed to the contractor for work performed up to the date of termination:

- (a) contract prices for goods or services accepted under the contract;
- (b) costs incurred in preparing to perform and performing the terminated portion of the contract; or
- (c) any other reasonable costs incurred by the contractor as a result of the termination.

The total sum to be paid to the contractor shall not exceed the total contract price, less any payments previously made to the contractor, the proceeds from any sales of goods or manufacturing materials, and the contract price for work not terminated.

# 3. Contractor's Obligations in the Event of Termination

If the contract is terminated for any reason, or expires pursuant to its terms, the contractor shall transfer and deliver to the Judiciary in the manner and to the extent directed by the Judiciary:

- all finished or unfinished material prepared by the contractor; and
- all material, if any, provided to the contractor by the Judiciary.

For the purposes of the contract, "material" shall include, but is not limited to, goods, supplies, parts, tools, machinery, equipment, furniture, fixtures, information, data, reports, summaries, tables, maps, charts, photographs, studies, recommendations, files, audiotapes, videotapes, records, keys, security badges, and documents.

If the contract is terminated for cause, the contractor shall not be relieved of liability to the Judiciary for damages sustained because of any breach by the contractor. In such event, the Judiciary may retain any amounts which may be due and owing to the contractor until such time as the exact amount of damages due the Judiciary from the contractor has been determined by the Judicial Purchasing Agent. The Judiciary may also set off any damages so determined against the amounts retained.

Upon termination of the contract, the contractor shall stop performance on the date specified, terminate any outstanding orders and subcontracts applicable to the terminated portion of the contract, and shall incur no further commitments or obligations in connection with the terminated performance. The contractor shall settle all liabilities and claims arising out of the termination of subcontracts and order generating from the terminated performance. The Judiciary may direct the contractor to assign the contractor's right, title, and interest under terminated orders or subcontracts to the Judiciary or a third party.

Terminations of Purchase Order Contracts or Master Price Agreements shall require the signature of the Judicial Purchasing Agent or his or her designee(s). Notice of termination by either party shall be submitted in writing to the other party in accordance with the termination clause of the contract, or, where no specific termination clause is included, written notice shall be provided no later than thirty (30) days before the expiration of the contract.

# c. Stop Work

In the interests of health, safety, and welfare, economic or otherwise, the Director of Purchasing may issue a stop work order to a vendor for a reasonable period of time commensurate with the issue at hand. The vendor shall thereafter immediately cease and desist any further work, deliveries, and/or services until ordered to resume work by the Director of Purchasing. In the event the vendor bears responsibility for the conditions requiring a stop work order, the Judiciary shall not be responsible for any costs or losses associated with any resulting delays.

## 35. INDEMNITY

The contractor guarantees:

a. To hold the Judiciary, its agents, and employees harmless from any liability imposed upon the Judiciary arising from the negligence, either active or passive, of the contractor, as well as for the use of any copyrighted or uncopyrighted composition, secret process, patented or unpatented invention, article, or appliance furnished or used in the performance of the contract of which the contractor is not the patentee, assignee, or licensee.

b. To pay for all permits, licenses, and fees and give all notices and comply with all laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations of the city or town in which the installation is to be made and of the State of Rhode Island.

c. That the equipment offered is standard new equipment, latest model of regular stock product with all parts regularly used with the type of equipment offered; also, that no attachment or part has been substituted or applied contrary to the manufacturer's recommendations and standard practices.

# 36. CONTRACTOR'S OBLIGATIONS

In addition to the specific requirements of the contract, all contractors and vendors bear the following standard responsibilities:

a. To furnish adequate protection from damage for all work and to repair damages of any kind, for which he or she or his or her workmen are responsible, to the building or equipment, to his or her own work, or to the work of other contractors;

b. The contractor, its subcontractor(s) and their employees and/or agents, shall protect and preserve property in the contractor's or subcontractor's possessions in which the Judiciary has an interest, and any and all materials provided to the contractor or subcontractor by the Judiciary;

c. To clear and remove all debris and rubbish resulting from his or her work from time to time, as directed or required, and, at completion of the work, leave the premises in a neat unobstructed condition, broom clean, and in satisfactory order and repair;

d. To store equipment, supplies, and material at the site only upon approval by the Judiciary, and at his or her own risk;

e. To perform all work so as to cause the least inconvenience to the Judiciary, and with proper consideration for the rights of other contractors and workmen;

f. To acquaint themselves with conditions to be found at the site, and to assume responsibility for the appropriate dispatching of equipment and supervision of his or her employees during the conduct of the work;

g. To ensure that his or her employees are instructed with respect to special regulations, policies, and procedures in effect for any judicial facility or site, and that they

comply with such rules, including but not limited to security policies or practices and/or criminal background checks for any employees and/or subcontractors;

h. The contractor shall ensure that his or her employees or agents are experienced and fully qualified to engage in all the activities and services required under the contract;

i. The contractor shall ensure that at all times while services are being performed under this contract, at least one of his or her employees or agents on the premises has a good command of the English language and can effectively communicate with the Judiciary and its staff;

j. The contractor and contractor's employees or agents shall comply with all applicable licensing and operating requirements required by federal or state law and shall meet accreditation and other generally accepted standards of quality in the applicable field of activity;

k. The contractor shall secure and retain all employee-related insurance coverage for his or her employees and agents as required by law;

I. The contractor shall not reference a Judiciary contract for the purposes of advertising or promotion without express written authorization from the Judicial Purchasing Agent; and

m. The contractor, subcontractor, and his or her employees and agents shall not disclose to any third party, remove, alter, obscure, or otherwise tamper with any Confidential Information of the Judiciary. Confidential Information shall include all content data that the contractor has access to or receives while working with the Judiciary. Content data includes attorney information, all judicial case information, including but not limited to types of cases, names of parties, witnesses, counsel, or participants in cases, case progression, contact information or any other data associated or obtained from the case management system, attorney registration system, or any databases or systems that are maintained, held, and/or owned by the Judiciary, regardless of whether such information is in written, electronic, or verbal form. In addition, Confidential Information shall include the content of any analysis, documentation, audit information compiled from and/or prepared by the contractor in connection with the contract regardless of whether in written, electronic, or verbal form.

Confidential Information shall at all times remain the property of the Judiciary. Upon completion of the contract, or whenever requested by the Judiciary, the vendor shall promptly destroy or return to the Judiciary in original format any and all Confidential Information in its possession and/or control, and all copies thereof. The vendor agrees that any breach of these terms would cause irreparable damage to the Judiciary and, as such, the vendor agrees to defend, indemnify, release, and hold harmless the Judiciary from actual damages from losses that result from its breach, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and related litigation expenses. The Judiciary shall have the right to seek an order to restrain the vendor and its agents, employees, officers, affiliates, etc. from breaching these terms, or to otherwise commence any action in law or in equity.

The contractor's confidentiality obligations do not extend to information that is: (1) learned by the contractor through legitimate means other than from the Judiciary or the Judiciary's representatives; (2) disclosed by contractor with the Judiciary's express prior written approval; or (3) required to be disclosed pursuant to court order or other

governmental authority, whereupon the contractor shall provide notice to the Judiciary so as to allow the Judiciary to take appropriate steps to protect its interests.

## 37. FORCE MAJEURE

All orders shall be filled by the contractor with reasonable promptness, but the contractor shall not be held responsible for any losses resulting if the fulfillment of the terms of the contract shall be delayed or prevented by wars, acts of public enemies, strikes, fires, floods, acts of God, or for any other acts not within the control of the contractor and which by the exercise of reasonable diligence, the contractor is unable to prevent.

## 38. CHOICE OF LAW

The laws of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations shall govern, construe and enforce all of the rights and duties of the parties arising from or relating in any way to agreements which are subject to these General Terms and Conditions of Purchase.